TO VER-WATER CHARLE

Fax: (601) 576 - 7800
Not a preferred method due to poor clarity

2018 CERTIFICATION 2019 JUN 28 AM 9: 13

Consumer Confidence Report (CCR)

Southwest Covington	Water Hassaid:
Public Water System	n Name
160001, 160009	
List PWS ID #s for all Community Water	
The Federal Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA) requires each Commura Consumer Confidence Report (CCR) to its customers each year. Domist be mailed or delivered to the customers, published in a newspap request. Make sure you follow the proper procedures when distributing mail, a copy of the CCR and Certification to the MSDH. Please chemical control of the MSDH.	er of local circulation, or provided to the customers upon
☐ Customers were informed of availability of CCR by: (Attac	ch copy of publication, water bill or other)
☐ Advertisement in local paper (Attach of	
☐ On water bills (Attach copy of bill)	
☐ Email message (Email the message to	the address below)
□ Other	
Date(s) customers were informed: 6/4/2019	The state of the s
 CCR was distributed by U.S. Postal Service or other of methods used 	lirect delivery. Must specify other direct delivery
Date Mailed/Distributed://	
☐ CCR was distributed by Email (<i>Email MSDH a copy</i>)	Date Emailed: / /2019
As a URL	(Provide Direct URL)
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CCR Deadline to MSDH & Customers by July 1, 2019!

2018 Annual Drinking Water Quality Report 2019 MAY 28 AM 8: 14 Southwest Covington Utility Association & Cold Springs Water Association PWS#: 160009 & 160001 May 2019

We're pleased to present to you this year's Annual Quality Water Report. This report is designed to inform you about the quality water and services we deliver to you every day. Our constant goal is to provide you with a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. We want you to understand the efforts we make to continually improve the water treatment process and protect our water resources. We are committed to ensuring the quality of your water. Our water source is from wells drawing from the Catahoula Formation Aquifer.

The source water assessment has been completed for our public water system to determine the overall susceptibility of its drinking water supply to identified potential sources of contamination. A report containing detailed information on how the susceptibility determinations were made has been furnished to our public water system and is available for viewing upon request. The wells for the Southwest Covington Utility Association have received lower susceptibility ranking to contamination.

If you have any questions about this report or concerning your water utility, please contact Barry Mayfield at 601-722-4447. We want our valued customers to be informed about their water utility. If you want to learn more, please attend any of our regularly scheduled meetings. They are held on the third Tuesday of the month at 4:00 PM at the office building located at 597 Union Church Rd, Seminary, MS.

We routinely monitor for contaminants in your drinking water according to Federal and State laws. This table below lists all of the drinking water contaminants that were detected during the period of January 1st to December 31st, 2018. In cases where monitoring wasn't required in 2018, the table reflects the most recent results. As water travels over the surface of land or underground, it dissolves naturally occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive materials and can pick up substances or contaminants from the presence of animals or from human activity; microbial contaminants, such as viruses and bacteria, that may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife; inorganic contaminants, such as salts and metals, which can be naturally occurring or result from urban storm-water runoff, industrial, or domestic wastewater storm-water runoff, and residential uses; organic chemical contaminants, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations and septic systems; radioactive contaminants, which can be naturally occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities. In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, EPA prescribes regulations that limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. All drinking water, including bottled drinking water, may be reasonably expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. It's important to remember that the presence of these contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk.

In this table you will find many terms and abbreviations you might not be familiar with. To help you better understand these terms we've provided the following definitions:

Action Level - the concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.

Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL) - The "Maximum Allowed" (MCL) is the highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

Maximum Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG) - The "Goal"(MCLG) is the level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level (MRDL) — The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary to control microbial contaminants.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level Goal (MRDLG) – The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk of health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.

Parts per million (ppm) or Milligrams per liter (mg/l) - one part per million corresponds to one minute in two years or a single penny in \$10,000.

Parts per billion (ppb) or Micrograms per liter - one part per billion corresponds to one minute in 2,000 years, or a single penny in \$10,000,000. PWS #: 160009 TEST RESULTS Contaminant Violation Date Level Range of Detects or Unit MCLG MCL Likely Source of Contamination # of Samples Collected Detected Measure Exceeding -ment MCL/ACI **Inorganic Contaminants** 10. Barium Ν 2018 .0047 No Range ppm 2 Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits 14. Copper N 2016/18 .3 0 ppm 1.3 AL=1.3 Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives 16. Fluoride Ν 2018 .128 No Range Erosion of natural deposits; water ppm 4 additive which promotes strong teeth; discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories 17. Lead Ν 2016/18 0 ppb AL=15 Corrosion of household plumbing systems, erosion of natural deposits Disinfection By-Products 81. HAA5 N 2018 6 No Range ppb 0 By-Product of drinking water disinfection. 82, TTHM N 2014* 1.476.1 No Range ppb 0 80 By-product of drinking water

[Total trihalomethanes]								chlorination.
Chlorine	N	2018	.9	.5 - 1.4	mg/l	0	MDRL = 4	Water additive used to control
								microbes

PWS ID#:			T	TEST RESI	OLIS			
	Violatio n Y/N	Date Collected	Level Detected	Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL	Unit Measure -ment	MCLG	MCL	Likely Source of Contamination
Inorganic	Contai	minants			•			
10. Barium 13. Chromium	N	2018	.008	No Range	ppm	2	2	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits
	N	2018	.5	No Range	ppb	100	100	Discharge from steel and pulp mills; erosion of natural deposits
14. Copper	N	2015/17*	.2	0	ppm	1.3	AL=1.3	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives
16. Fluoride	N	2018	.17	No Range	ppm	4	4	Erosion of natural deposits; water additive which promotes strong teeth discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories
	N	2015/17*	1	0	ppb	0	AL=15	Corrosion of household plumbing systems, erosion of natural deposits
Volatile O	rganic	Contam	inants					
76. Xylenes	N	2018	.000525	No Range	ppm	10	10	Discharge from petroleum factories; discharge from chemical factories
Disinfectio	n By-P	roducts					*	
31. HAA5 32. TTHM	N	2018	14	No Range	ppb	0	60	By-Product of drinking water disinfection.
Total rihalomethanes]	N	2014*	7.28	No Range	ppb	0	80	By-product of drinking water chlorination.
Chlorine	N	2018 ole required	1.1	.6 – 1.8	mg/l	0	MDRL = 4	Water additive used to control microbes

As you can see by the table, our system had no violations. We're proud that your drinking water meets or exceeds all Federal and State requirements. We have learned through our monitoring and testing that some contaminants have been detected however the EPA has determined that your water IS

We are required to monitor your drinking water for specific contaminants on a monthly basis. Results of regular monitoring are an indicator of whether or not our drinking water meets health standards. In an effort to ensure systems complete all monitoring requirements, MSDH now notifies systems of any missing samples prior to the end of the compliance period.

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. Our water system is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead. The Mississippi State Department of Health Public Health Laboratory offers lead testing. Please contact 601.576.7582 if you wish to have your water tested.

All sources of drinking water are subject to potential contamination by substances that are naturally occurring or man made. These substances can be microbes, inorganic or organic chemicals and radioactive substances. All drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's Safe Drinking Water

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by cryptosporidium and other microbiological contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline 1.800.426.4791.

The Southwest Covington Utility Association works around the clock to provide top quality water to every tap. We ask that all our customers help us protect our water sources, which are the heart of our community, our way of life and our children's future. Notice: This report will not be mailed out to each customer, however a copy can be obtained at our office.

Deliver payment to:

Southwest Covington Water Assn PO Box 160 Seminary, MS 39479 601-722-4447

FIRST-CLASS MAIL PRESORTED US POSTAGE PAID ZIP CODE 39479 PERMIT # 3

EasyBill 32 initialization file

Previous CREDIT Balance: -119.00

WATER USED 30 PREV 184890 PRES 184920

14.00

Return this portion with payment.

Billed: 05/31/19

NO PMT DUE, BAL = -105.00

TOTAL NEW CHARGES ON 05/31/19

14.00

NO PMT DUE, BAL = -105.00

Shandell Cooley SVC:04/25/19-05/20/19 (25 days) Acct# 2365 86 Cooley Road

CCR may be viewed at http://www.msrwa.org/2018 ccr/swcovington2.pdf or pick up copy in office

Acct# 2365

86 Cooley Road

Return Service Requested

Shandell Cooley 86 Cooley Road Seminary MS 39479

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